

KTS-0

Fire Damper - round

Technical Documentation



| | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|  1438 | |
| SMAY Sp. z o.o. 17 CSWU: 1438-CPR-0528 DWU: 019-CPR-2017 | |
| EN 15650:2010 Fire damper type: KTS-O-E,KTS-O-S | |
| Nominal activation conditions/sensitivity: Closing/opening during the test at the right time | Pass |
| Response time/Closure time: | Pass |
| Reliability | 50 cycles <120S |
| Fire resistance: | |
| Fire integrity - E Fire insulation - I Smoke leakage - S Mechanical stability (under E) Maintenance of the cross section (under E) | EI 120 (ve h _o i↔o) S EI 90 (ve i↔o) S EI 60 (ve i↔o) S EI 30 (ve i↔o) S |
| Durability: | |
| Opening and closing cycle test | KTS-O-E: 10 000 cycles <120S KTS-O-S: 100 cycles <120S |

Version 6.15

SMAY reserves the right to make changes to this document.

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1. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of technical documentation is to familiarize the user with the intended use, design, operation principle, installation, periodic maintenance and operation of product.

2. LEGAL REGULATIONS

KTS-O fire dampers have **Certificate of Constancy of Performance No. 1438-CPR-0528**, issued by Scientific and Research Centre for Fire Protection – National Research Institute.

The KTS-O fire dampers are designed for application in general ventilation systems as cut-off partitions separating the fire-engulfed zone from the remaining part of the building (normally open). The purpose of these dampers is to prevent the spread of fire, heat and smoke.

The dampers are designed, manufactured and tested in accordance with the following standards: PN-EN 15650 "Ventilation for buildings – Fire dampers" and PN-EN 13501-3 "Fire classification of construction products and building elements – Part 3: Classification using data from fire resistance tests on products and elements used in building service installations: fire resisting ducts and fire dampers."

The effectiveness of the dampers is confirmed by tests according to PN-EN 1366-2 "Fire resistance tests for service installations – Part 2: Fire dampers."

The KTS-O fire damper is classified as tightness class C (housing tightness) on the basis of tests carried out according to PN-EN 1751 "Ventilation for buildings. Air terminal devices. Aerodynamic testing of dampers and valves."

3. INTENDED USE

The KTS-O fire dampers are classified in the following fire resistance classes and may be installed in the following building partitions:

a. EI 120 (ho ve i↔o) S

- floors, 150 [mm] in thickness or more, and a fire resistance class EI120 or higher
- flexible walls, 100 [mm] in thickness or more and EI 120 or a higher fire resistance class (thicker, higher density, more board layers)
- rigid walls, 100 [mm] in thickness or more, and EI120 or a higher fire resistance class (e.g. concrete walls, solid brick walls, cellular concrete block walls, hollow masonry unit walls or concrete slab walls).

b. EI 90 (ve i↔o) S

- away from rigid walls and EI90 or a higher fire resistance class (e.g. concrete walls, solid brick walls, cellular concrete block walls, hollow masonry unit walls or concrete slab walls).

c. EI 60 (ve i↔o) S

- flexible walls, 75 [mm] in thickness or more and EI60 or a higher fire resistance class (thicker, higher density, more board layers).
- rigid walls, 75 [mm] in thickness or more and EI60 or a higher fire resistance class (e.g. concrete walls, non-hollow brick walls, cellular concrete block walls, hollow masonry unit walls or concrete slab walls).

d. EI 30 (ve i↔o) S

- flexible standard walls, 75 [mm] in thickness or more and EI30 or a higher fire resistance (thicker, greater density, more board layers).
- rigid walls, 75 [mm] in thickness or more and EI30 or a higher fire resistance class (e.g. concrete walls, solid brick walls, cellular concrete block walls, hollow masonry unit walls or concrete slab walls).

Table 1. Table of fire resistance

| Construction type | Minimum thickness of building partition mm | Fire resistance class | Sealing type |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Ceiling | ≥150 mm | EI 120 (h _o i↔o) S | MORTAR |
| Rigid wall | ≥115 mm | EI 120 (v _e i↔o) S | MORTAR |
| | ≥120 mm | EI 90 (v _e i↔o) S | MORTAR |
| | ≥100 mm | EI 60 (v _e i↔o) S | MORTAR |
| Rigid wall | ≥100 mm | EI 120 (v _e i↔o) S | MINERAL WOOL |
| | ≥75 mm | EI 60 (v _e i↔o) S | MINERAL WOOL |
| | ≥75 mm | EI 30 (v _e i↔o) S | MINERAL WOOL |
| Flexible wall | ≥100 mm | EI 120 (v _e i↔o) S | MINERAL WOOL |
| | ≥75 mm | EI 60 (v _e i↔o) S | MINERAL WOOL |
| | ≥75 mm | EI 30 (v _e i↔o) S | MINERAL WOOL |
| Montage away from wall construction (silicate boards) | ≥120 mm | EI 90 (v _e i↔o) S | MINERAL WOOL |

Where:

E – fire integrity,

I – fire insulation,

S – smoke leakage,

120/90/60/30 – duration of fulfilment of E, I and S criteria, expressed in minutes,

ve – damper mounted directly in the wall,

ho – damper mounted directly in the ceiling,

i↔o – operating effectiveness criteria are fulfilled from the inside to the outside (fire inside), and from the outside to the inside (fire outside).

The KTS-O fire dampers may also be installed in buildings partitions with a lower fire resistance rating. In this case, the damper fire resistance rating is equal to the partition fire resistance rating, subject to the smoke leakage criterion.

The KTS-O fire dampers may be installed in vertical building partitions with either **horizontal or vertical rotation axis**, with any actuator position.

The KTS-O fire dampers may be installed in either inner or external buildings partitions, as also at a distance from them. In case of external wall installation, use of finishing element is required (intake or exhaust), which will protect from influence of atmospheric factors. Drive system (actuator or spring mechanism) should be installed inside facility. It is recommended to use dampers in special execution (impregnated fireproof boards, anti-corrosive steel elements).

4. TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

The KTS-O-S dampers (with a spring mechanism) and the KTS-O-E dampers (with an electric spring return actuator) consist of a housing of a round cross-section, a moving, single-axis isolating baffle and an actuating mechanism with a release device.

The damper housing and its interacting elements are made of galvanized steel sheet. Both ends of the housing are adapted for nipple connection, allowing easy connection between the duct and the damper. There is a flange on the external side of the housing that reinforces the damper structure.

There are intumescent seals on the outer and inner surfaces of the housing, in the place of perforation, around the closed isolating baffle. Their characteristic feature is that their volume increases at high temperatures, tightly filling all leaks between the baffle and the body.

The isolating baffle of the damper is made of calcium-silicate board, and a rubber seal is installed on its perimeter, ensuring the damper integrity at ambient temperature.

The KTS-O-S damper is provided with a spring mechanism comprising, ea. an actuating spring, a manual release device and a thermal fuse with a nominal triggering temperature of 70 ± 5 [°C] (optional 95 [°C]). When the damper is being opened with a key, the actuating spring is being tensioned. The baffle is kept in the open position by the manual release device, blocked with a thermal fuse. The damper is automatically closed as a result of triggering the thermal fuse. The damage to the thermal fuse automatically rotates the isolating baffle (to the closed position). The movement of the baffle is limited by two buffers.

The KTS-O-E damper is provided with an electric spring return actuator BFL, BFN or BF series manufactured by BELIMO, and the BAT or BAE thermal fuse (72 [°C]), constituting damper's drive system supplied by the 230 V AC or 24 V AC/DC voltage. After the voltage has been supplied, the actuator rotates the baffle to the open position. The baffle is closed due to voltage loss or when the thermal fuse is activated (the return spring in the actuator closes the baffle by returning to the non-stressed position EPD). During normal operation of the system, the KTS-O-S and KTS-O-E dampers are in the open position. If a fire breaks out, the damper baffle rotates to the closed position.

The permissible flow rate in a connection duct for the KTS-O-E dampers with an actuator is 12 [m/s] and 8 [m/s] for the KTS-O-S dampers with a spring mechanism.

The range of dampers covers diameters from DN160 to DN630. The primary type series includes the following sizes: **DN160, DN200, DN250, DN315, DN355, DN400, DN450, DN500, DN560, DN630.**

The KTS-O dampers are manufactured only for the nipple connection. Depending on the actuation system used, the dampers are marked as follows:

- a. **KTS-O-S**- dampers with spring mechanism
- b. **KTS-O-E**- dampers with electric spring return actuator

BFL actuators is using for nominal diameter $DN \leq 400$.

BFN actuators is using for nominal diameter $DN > 400$.

KTS-O dampers length totals **L=375 [mm]**.

The dampers may also be fitted with limit switches indicating open or closed position of the baffle.

In a special version, resistant to aggressive environments, all components of the damper are made of stainless steel, whereas the damper baffle is impregnated with a fire-resistant board impregnation. The damper can also be manufactured as powder-coated.

The KTS-O dampers may be fitted with an inspection opening for checking the damper condition once it is installed in the ventilation system.

Table 2. KTS-O dampers weight [kg]

| DN | 160 | 200 | 250 | 315 | 355 | 400 | 450 | 500 | 560 | 630 |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| KTS-O-S | 3,5 | 6,1 | 7,7 | 9,6 | 10,9 | 12,3 | 13,8 | 15,3 | 17,2 | 19,3 |
| KTS-O-E | 4,7 | 7,3 | 8,9 | 10,8 | 12,1 | 13,5 | 15 | 16,5 | 18,4 | 20,5 |

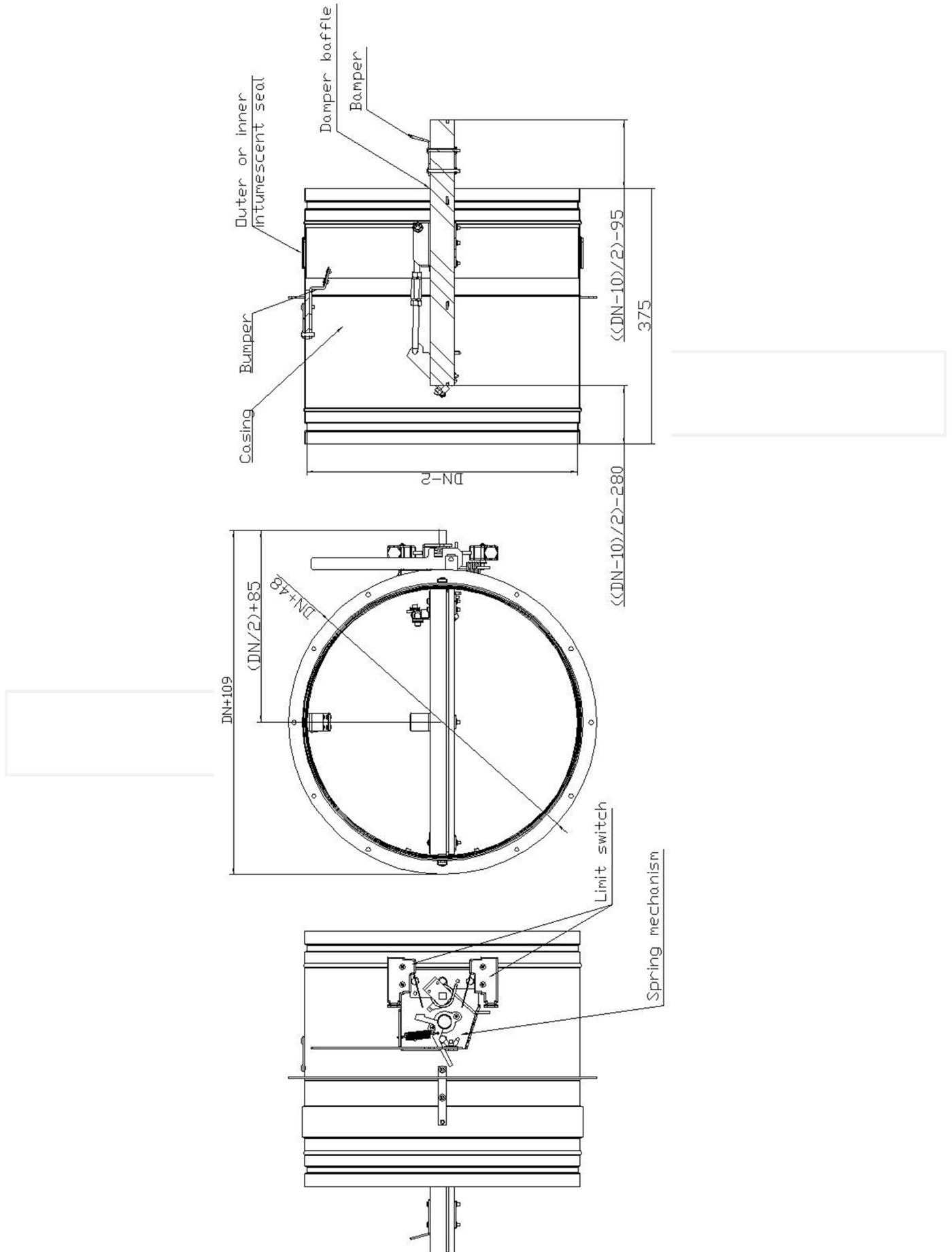


Figure 1. KTS-O-S damper, with spring mechanism

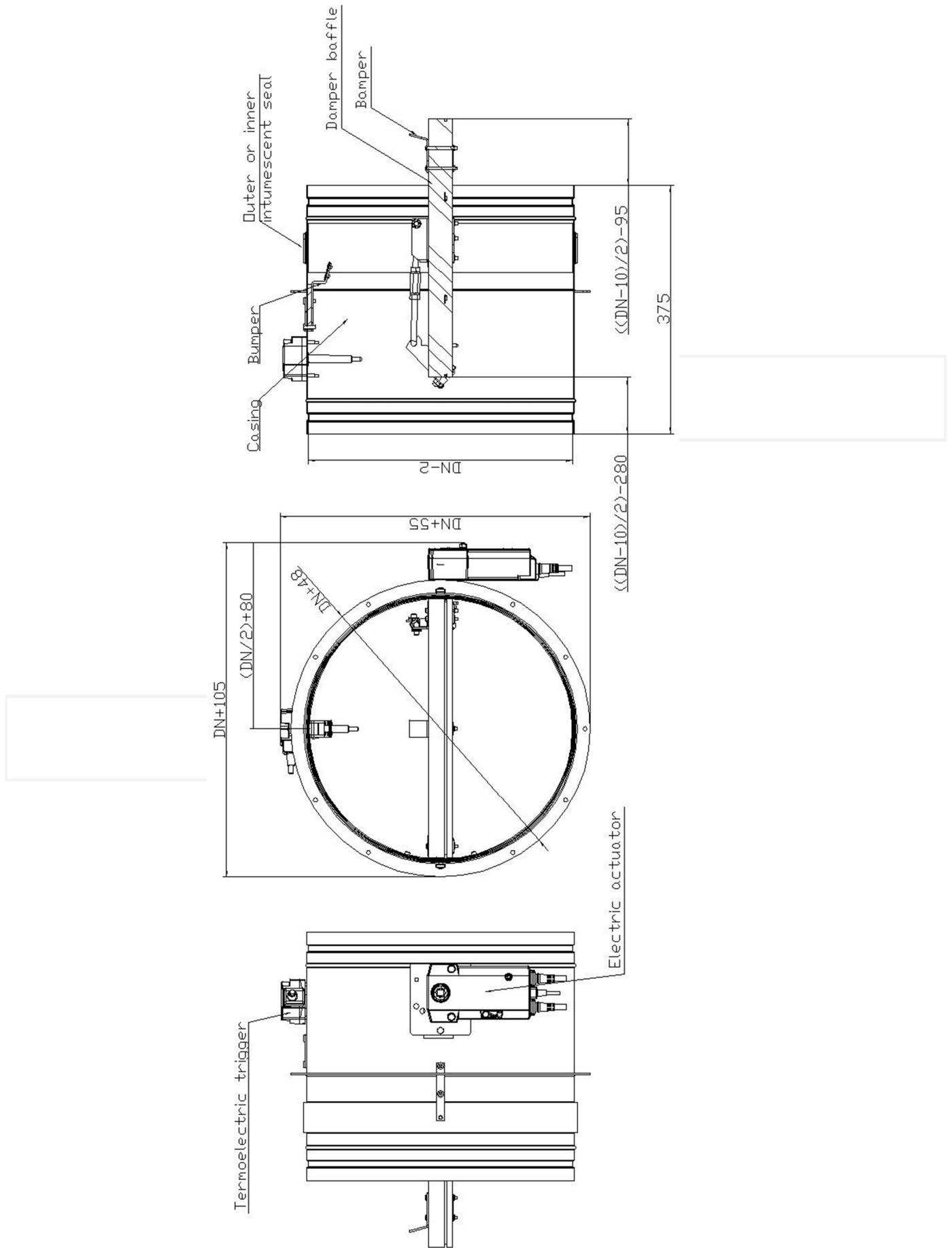


Figure 2. KTS-O-E damper with electric actuator

5. BELIMO ELECTRIC ACTUATORS USED IN KTS

Spring-return 90° actuator BFL series, combined with thermoelectric tripping device BAT:

- BFL230-T,
- BFL24-T,
- BFL24-T-ST,

where:

ST – connection plug,



Spring-return 90° actuator BFN series, combined with thermoelectric tripping device:

- BFN230-T,
- BFN24-T,
- BFN24-T-ST,

where:

ST – connection plug,



Spring-return 90° actuator BF series, combined with thermoelectric tripping device BAE:

- BF230-TN,
- BF24-TN,
- BF24-TN-ST,
- BF24-TL-TN-ST

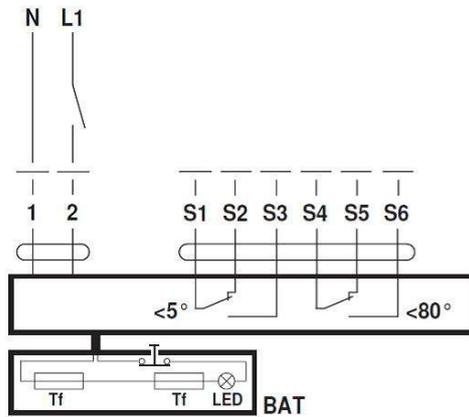
where:

ST – connection plug,
 TL- communicative control.



Wiring diagram BFL230-T and BFN230-T

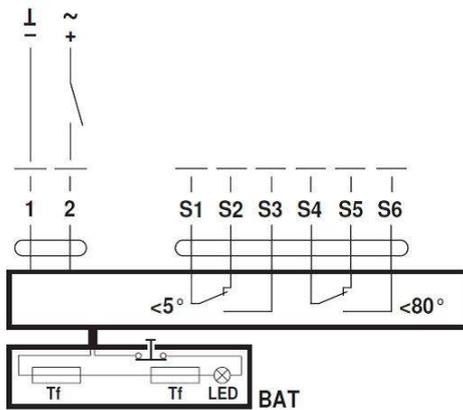
AC 230 V, open-close


Cable colours:

 1 = blue
 2 = brown
 S1 = violet
 S2 = red
 S3 = white
 S4 = orange
 S5 = pink
 S6 = grey
 Tf: Thermal fuse (see "Technical data")

Wiring diagram BFL24-T and BFN24-T

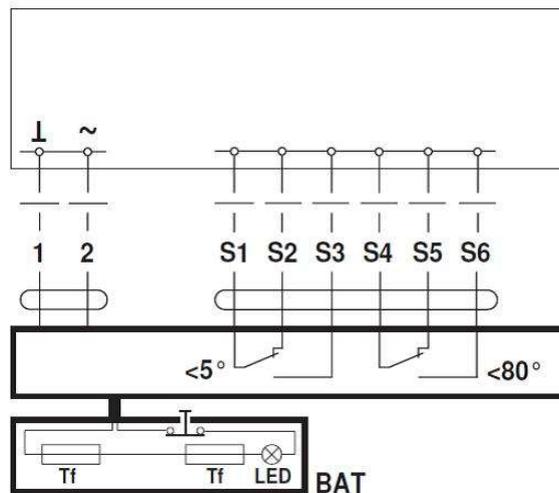
AC/DC 24 V, open-close


Cable colours:

 1 = black
 2 = red
 S1 = violet
 S2 = red
 S3 = white
 S4 = orange
 S5 = pink
 S6 = grey
 Tf: Thermal fuse (see "Technical data")

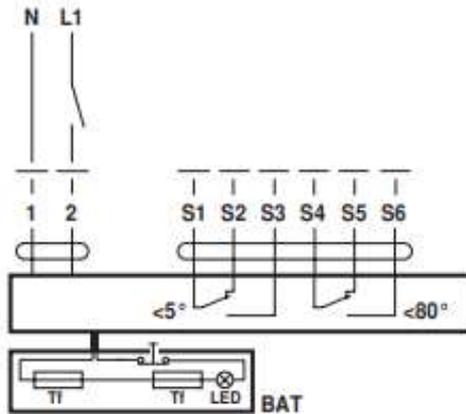
Wiring diagram BFL24-T-ST and BFN24-T-ST

AC/DC 24 V, open-close



Wiring diagram BF230-TN

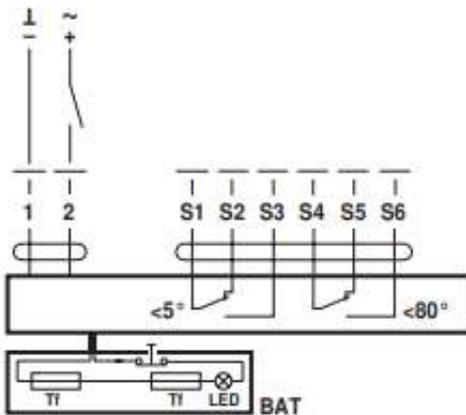
AC 230 V, open-close


Cable colours:

 1 = blue
 2 = brown
 S1 = violet
 S2 = red
 S3 = white
 S4 = orange
 S5 = pink
 S6 = grey
 Tf: Thermal fuse (see "Technical data")

Wiring diagram BF24-TN

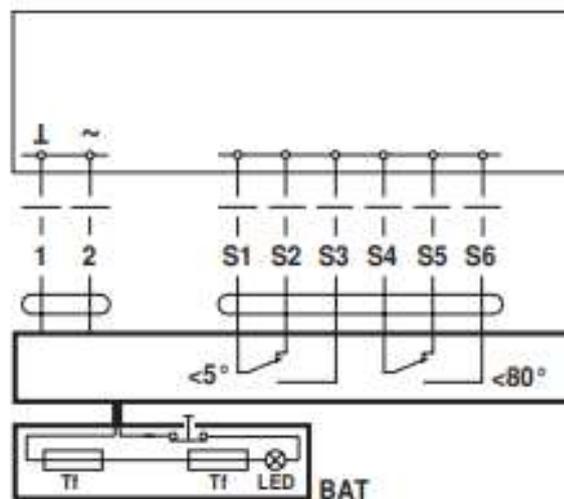
AC/DC 24 V, open-close


Cable colours:

 1 = black
 2 = white
 S1 = violet
 S2 = red
 S3 = white
 S4 = orange
 S5 = pink
 S6 = grey
 Tf: Thermal fuse (see "Technical data")

Wiring diagram BF24-TN-ST

AC/DC 24 V, open-close



| Technical data: | BFL230-T | BFN230-T |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nominal voltage | AC 230 V | AC 230 V |
| Nominal voltage frequency | 50/60 Hz | 50/60 Hz |
| Nominal voltage range | AC 198...264 V | AC 198...264 V |
| Power consumption in operation | 3.5 W | 5 W |
| Power consumption in rest position | 1.1 W | 2.1 W |
| Power consumption for wire sizing | 6.5 VA | 10 VA |
| Power consumption for wire sizing note | I _{max} 4 A @ 5 ms | I _{max} 4 A @ 5 ms |
| Auxiliary switch | 2 x SPDT | 2 x SPDT |
| Switching capacity auxiliary switch | 1 mA...3 (0.5 inductive) A, AC 250 V | 1 mA...3 (0.5 inductive) A, AC 250 V |
| Switching points auxiliary switch | 5° / 80° | 5° / 80° |
| Connection supply / control | Cable 1 m, 2 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) | Cable 1 m, 2 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) |
| Connection auxiliary switch | Cable 1 m, 6 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) | Cable 1 m, 6 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) |
| Cable length thermoelectric tripping device | 0.5 m | 1 m |
| Torque motor | Min. 4 Nm | Min. 9 Nm |
| Torque spring return | Min. 3 Nm | Min. 7 Nm |
| Direction of rotation motor | Can be selected by mounting L/R | Can be selected by mounting L/R |
| Manual override | With position stop | With position stop |
| Angle of rotation | Max. 95° | Max. 95° |
| Running time motor | <60 s / 90° | <60 s / 90° |
| Running time spring-return | 20 s @ -10...55°C / <60 s @ -30...-10°C | 20 s @ -10...55°C / <60 s @ -30...-10°C |
| Sound power level motor | <43 dB(A) | <55 dB(A) |
| Sound power level spring-return | <62 dB(A) | <67 dB(A) |
| Spindle driver | Form fit 12x12 mm, Continuous hollow shaft | Form fit 12x12 mm, Continuous hollow shaft |
| Position indication | Mechanically, with pointer | Mechanically, with pointer |
| Service life | Min. 60,000 safety positions | Min. 60,000 safety positions |
| Response temperature thermal fuse | Duct outside temperature 72°C Duct inside temperature 72°C | Duct outside temperature 72°C Duct inside temperature 72°C |
| Protection class IEC/EN | II Protective insulated | II Protective insulated |
| Protection class auxiliary switch IEC/EN | II Protective insulated | II Protective insulated |
| Degree of protection IEC/EN | IP54 in all mounting positions | IP54 in all mounting positions |
| EMC | CE according to 2014/30/EU | CE according to 2014/30/EU |
| Low voltage directive | CE according to 2014/35/EU | CE according to 2014/35/EU |
| Certification IEC/EN | IEC/EN 60730-1 and IEC/EN 60730-2-14 | IEC/EN 60730-1 and IEC/EN 60730-2-14 |
| Mode of operation | Type 1.AA.B | Type 1.AA.B |
| Rated impulse voltage supply / control | 4 kV | 4 kV |
| Control pollution degree | 3 | 3 |
| Ambient temperature normal operation | -30...55°C | -30...55°C |
| Ambient temperature safety operation | The safety position will be attained up to max. 75°C | The safety position will be attained up to max. 75°C |
| Non-operating temperature | -40...55°C | -40...55°C |
| Ambient humidity | 95% r.h., non-condensing | 95% r.h., non-condensing |
| Maintenance | Maintenance-free | Maintenance-free |
| Weight | 1.2 kg | 1.5 kg |

| Technical data: | BFL24-T(-ST) | BFN24-T(-ST) |
|---------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Nominal voltage | AC/DC 24 V | AC/DC 24 V |
| Nominal voltage frequency | 50/60 Hz | 50/60 Hz |
| Nominal voltage range | AC 19.2...28.8 V / DC 21.6...28.8 V | AC 19.2...28.8 V / DC 21.6...28.8 V |
| Power consumption in operation | 2.5 W | 4 W |
| Power consumption in rest position | 0.8 W | 1.4 W |
| Power consumption for wire sizing | 4 VA | 6 VA |
| Power consumption for wire sizing note | Imax 8.3 A @ 5 ms | Imax 8.3 A @ 5 ms |
| Auxiliary switch | 2 x SPDT | 2 x SPDT |
| Switching capacity auxiliary switch | 1 mA...3 (0.5 inductive) A, AC 250 V | 1 mA...3 (0.5 inductive) A, AC 250 V |
| Switching points auxiliary switch | 5° / 80° | 5° / 80° |
| Connection supply / control | Cable 1 m, 2 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) | Cable 1 m, 2 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) |
| Connection auxiliary switch | Cable 1 m, 6 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) | Cable 1 m, 6 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) |
| Cable length thermoelectric tripping device | 0.5 m | 1 m |
| Torque motor | Min. 4 Nm | Min. 9 Nm |
| Torque spring return | Min. 3 Nm | Min. 7 Nm |
| Direction of rotation motor | Can be selected by mounting L/R | Can be selected by mounting L/R |
| Manual override | With position stop | With position stop |
| Angle of rotation | Max. 95° | Max. 95° |
| Running time motor | <60 s / 90° | <60 s / 90° |
| Running time spring-return | 20 s @ -10...55°C / <60 s @ -30...-10°C | 20 s @ -10...55°C / <60 s @ -30...-10°C |
| Sound power level motor | <43 dB(A) | <55 dB(A) |
| Sound power level spring-return | <62 dB(A) | <67 dB(A) |
| Spindle driver | Form fit 12x12 mm, Continuous hollow shaft | Form fit 12x12 mm, Continuous hollow shaft |
| Position indication | Mechanically, with pointer | Mechanically, with pointer |
| Service life | Min. 60,000 safety positions | Min. 60,000 safety positions |
| Response temperature thermal fuse | Duct outside temperature 72°C Duct inside temperature 72°C | Duct outside temperature 72°C Duct inside temperature 72°C |
| Protection class IEC/EN | III Safety extra-low voltage | III Safety extra-low voltage |
| Protection class auxiliary switch IEC/EN | II Protective insulated | II Protective insulated |
| Degree of protection IEC/EN | IP54 in all mounting positions | IP54 in all mounting positions |
| EMC | CE according to 2014/30/EU | CE according to 2014/30/EU |
| Low voltage directive | CE according to 2014/35/EU | CE according to 2014/35/EU |
| Certification IEC/EN | IEC/EN 60730-1 and IEC/EN 60730-2-14 | IEC/EN 60730-1 and IEC/EN 60730-2-14 |
| Mode of operation | Type 1.AA.B | Type 1.AA.B |
| Rated impulse voltage supply / control | 0.8 kV | 0.8 kV |
| Control pollution degree | 3 | 3 |
| Ambient temperature normal operation | -30...55°C | -30...55°C |
| Ambient temperature safety operation | The safety position will be attained up to max. 75°C | The safety position will be attained up to max. 75°C |
| Non-operating temperature | -40...55°C | -40...55°C |
| Ambient humidity | 95% r.h., non-condensing | 95% r.h., non-condensing |
| Maintenance | Maintenance-free | Maintenance-free |
| Weight | 1.2 kg | 1.5 kg |

Technical data:
BF230-TN

| | | | |
|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Electrical data | Nominal voltage | AC 230 V | |
| | Nominal voltage frequency | 50/60 Hz | |
| | Nominal voltage range | AC 198...264 V | |
| | Power consumption in operation | 8.5 W | |
| | Power consumption in rest position | 3 W | |
| | Power consumption for wire sizing | 11 VA | |
| | Power consumption for wire sizing note | I _{max} 0.5 A @ 5 ms | |
| | Auxiliary switch | 2 x SPDT | |
| | Switching capacity auxiliary switch | 1 mA...6 A (3 A inductive), DC 5 V...AC 250 V (II reinforced insulation) | |
| | Switching points auxiliary switch | 5° / 80° | |
| Functional data | Connection supply / control | Cable 1 m, 2 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) | |
| | Connection auxiliary switch | Cable 1 m, 6 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) | |
| | Torque motor | 18 Nm | |
| | Torque fail-safe | 12 Nm | |
| | Direction of rotation motor | Can be selected by mounting L/R | |
| | Manual override | with position stop | |
| | Angle of rotation | Max. 95° | |
| | Running time motor | <120 s / 90° | |
| | Running time fail-safe | 16 s @ -10...55°C / <60 s @ -30...-10°C | |
| | Running time fail-safe note | @ -10...55°C / <60 s @ -30...-10°C | |
| | Sound power level, motor | 45 dB(A) | |
| | Sound power level, fail-safe | 63 dB(A) | |
| | Mechanical interface | Form fit 12x12 mm, Non-continuous hollow shaft | |
| | Position indication | Mechanically, with pointer | |
| | Service life | Min. 60'000 safety positions | |
| | Safety | Protection class IEC/EN | II reinforced insulation |
| | | Protection class auxiliary switch IEC/EN | II reinforced insulation |
| | | Degree of protection IEC/EN | IP54 in all mounting positions |
| | | EMC | CE according to 2014/30/EU |
| Low voltage directive | | CE according to 2014/35/EU | |
| Certification IEC/EN | | IEC/EN 60730-1 and IEC/EN 60730-2-14 | |
| Mode of operation | | Type 1.AA.B | |
| Rated impulse voltage supply / control | | 4 kV | |
| Control pollution degree | | 3 | |
| Ambient temperature normal operation | | -30...50°C | |
| Ambient temperature safety operation | | The safety position will be attained up to max. 75°C | |
| Storage temperature | | -40...50°C | |
| Ambient humidity | | Max. 95% r.H., non-condensing | |
| Servicing | | maintenance-free | |
| Weight | Weight | 3.1 kg | |

Technical data:
BF24-TN

| | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Electrical data | Nominal voltage | AC/DC 24 V |
| | Nominal voltage frequency | 50/60 Hz |
| | Nominal voltage range | AC 19.2...28.8 V / DC 21.6...28.8 V |
| | Power consumption in operation | 7 W |
| | Power consumption in rest position | 2 W |
| | Power consumption for wire sizing | 10 VA |
| | Power consumption for wire sizing note | I_{max} 8.3 A @ 5 ms |
| | Auxiliary switch | 2 x SPDT |
| | Switching capacity auxiliary switch | 1 mA...6 A (3 A inductive), DC 5 V...AC 250 V (II reinforced insulation) |
| | Switching points auxiliary switch | 5° / 80° |
| | Connection supply / control | Cable 1 m, 2 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) |
| | Connection auxiliary switch | Cable 1 m, 6 x 0.75 mm ² (halogen-free) |
| Functional data | Torque motor | 18 Nm |
| | Torque fail-safe | 12 Nm |
| | Direction of rotation motor | Can be selected by mounting L/R |
| | Manual override | with position stop |
| | Angle of rotation | Max. 95° |
| | Running time motor | <120 s / 90° |
| | Running time fail-safe | 16 s $t_{amb} = 20^{\circ}C$ |
| | Running time fail-safe note | $t_{amb} = 20^{\circ}C$ |
| | Sound power level, motor | 45 dB(A) |
| | Sound power level, fail-safe | 63 dB(A) |
| | Mechanical interface | Form fit 12x12 mm, Non-continuous hollow shaft |
| | Position indication | Mechanically, with pointer |
| Service life | Min. 60'000 safety positions | |
| Safety | Protection class IEC/EN | III Safety Extra-Low Voltage (SELV) |
| | Protection class auxiliary switch IEC/EN | II reinforced insulation |
| | Degree of protection IEC/EN | IP54 in all mounting positions |
| | EMC | CE according to 2014/30/EU |
| | Low voltage directive | CE according to 2014/35/EU |
| | Certification IEC/EN | IEC/EN 60730-1 and IEC/EN 60730-2-14 |
| | Mode of operation | Type 1.AA.B |
| | Rated impulse voltage supply / control | 0.8 kV |
| | Control pollution degree | 3 |
| | Ambient temperature normal operation | -30...50 °C |
| | Ambient temperature safety operation | The safety position will be attained up to max. 75 °C |
| | Storage temperature | -40...50 °C |
| Ambient humidity | Max. 95% r.H., non-condensing | |
| Servicing | maintenance-free | |
| Weight | Weight | 2.8 kg |

6. CONDITIONS OF TRANSPORT AND STORAGE

Fire dampers KTS-O should be stored in cardboard boxes and/or on pallets. KTS-O should have a pre-protected actuator cardboard box. Fire dampers should be stored indoors, providing protection against atmospheric agents, at a minimum temperature of +5[°C].

Do not allow mechanical damage of damper, that may be caused e.g. blows or dropping. During transport, the dampers should be packed in cartons and / or placed on pallets and protected against changing position and weather conditions.

After each transport, visual inspection of each fire damper must be carried out.

7. INSTALLATION TECHNOLOGY

Before installing the fire dampers, make sure that there are no damage, during transport or storage, that could block the baffle.

Check that the baffle can be opened and closed (full opening and closing position). To open fire dampers KTS-O-S use the actuator key.

The opening and closing must proceed smoothly (not stepwise).

Do not pull by baffle to open or close fire damper, it may cause permanent damage, not covered by the warranty.

During KTS-O-S damper test, to opening use a key, mounted on housing.

Before installing, secure the fire damper, by dust and dirt, using a foil or other screening material. It can prevent components of fire damper by damage.

Dampers to preserve of the declared resistance, insulation and smoke leakage EIS120, EIS90, EIS60, EIS30, should be installed on wall, which was classified as EIS120, EIS90, EIS60, EIS30.

It is allowed to install KTS-O dampers in wall with other fire-resistance, should be remembered that fire-resistance in this situation is resistance of lowest classified (in this regard) element in this system.

Ducts made of flammable and non-flammable materials can be connected to the damper. Ducts should be installed that they cannot load the damper during fire. Ducts lengthening during fire can be compensated by support and knee. ATTENTION: Distance between fire dampers or fire damper and construction elements must be compatible with standard 1366-2:

- c. min. 200 [mm] between fire damper, which are installed in different ventilating ducts,
- d. min. 75 [mm] between fire damper and construction element (wall/ceiling).

7.1. INSTALLATION TECHNOLOGY - CEILING

- Make an opening in the ceiling with the 70 [mm] (acceptable $60 \div 100$ [mm]) greater than the nominal dimensions of the damper: DN+70.
- Put the damper into the installation opening and support or suspend it in order to maintain correct position of the damper i.e. the damper embossing must be on boundary of the building, and installation opening axis must coincide with fire damper axis.
- After setting the fire damper as described, mounting the mounting brackets, fill the gap between the fire damper and the ceiling with cement, cement-lime mortar or concrete.
- After drying of the mortar (approx. 48 hours), remove used supports or suspension, check the fire damper correct operation and leave it in fully open position.

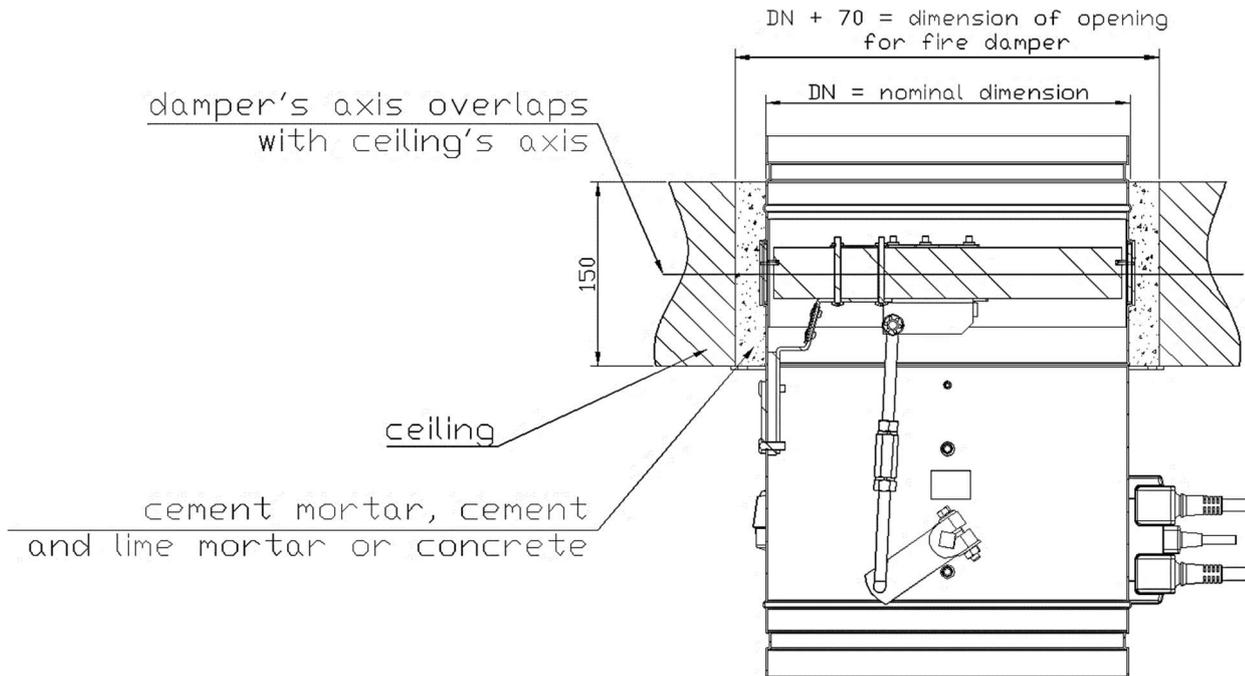


Figure 3. Installation method of fire dampers KTS-O in ceiling

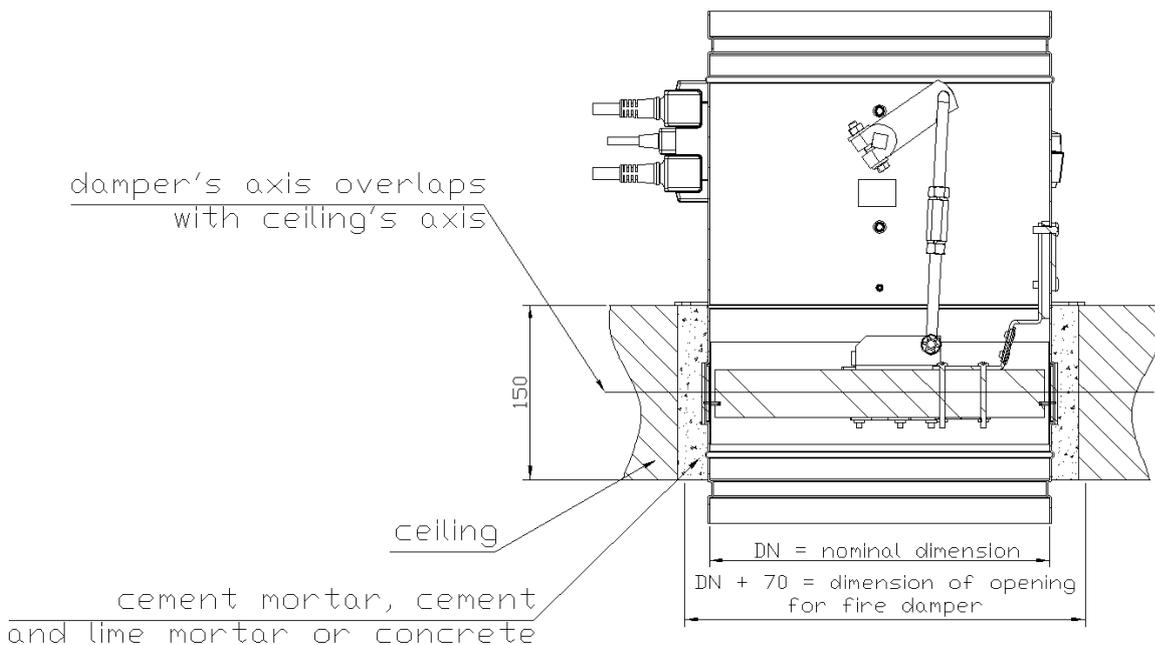


Figure 4. Installation method of fire dampers KTS-O in ceiling

7.2. INSTALLATION TECHNOLOGY – RIGID WALL

7.2.1. INSTALLATION USING MORTAR

- Make an opening in the wall with the 70 [mm] (acceptable 60 ÷ 100 [mm]) greater than the nominal dimensions of the fire damper: DN+70.
- Put the damper into the installation opening and support or suspend it in order to maintain correct position of the damper i.e. the damper embossing must be on boundary of the building, and installation opening axis must coincide with fire damper axis.
- After setting the fire damper as described, fill the gap between the fire damper and the wall with cement, cement-lime mortar or concrete.
- After drying of the mortar (approx. 48 hours), remove used supports or suspensions, check the fire damper correct operation and leave it in fully open position.

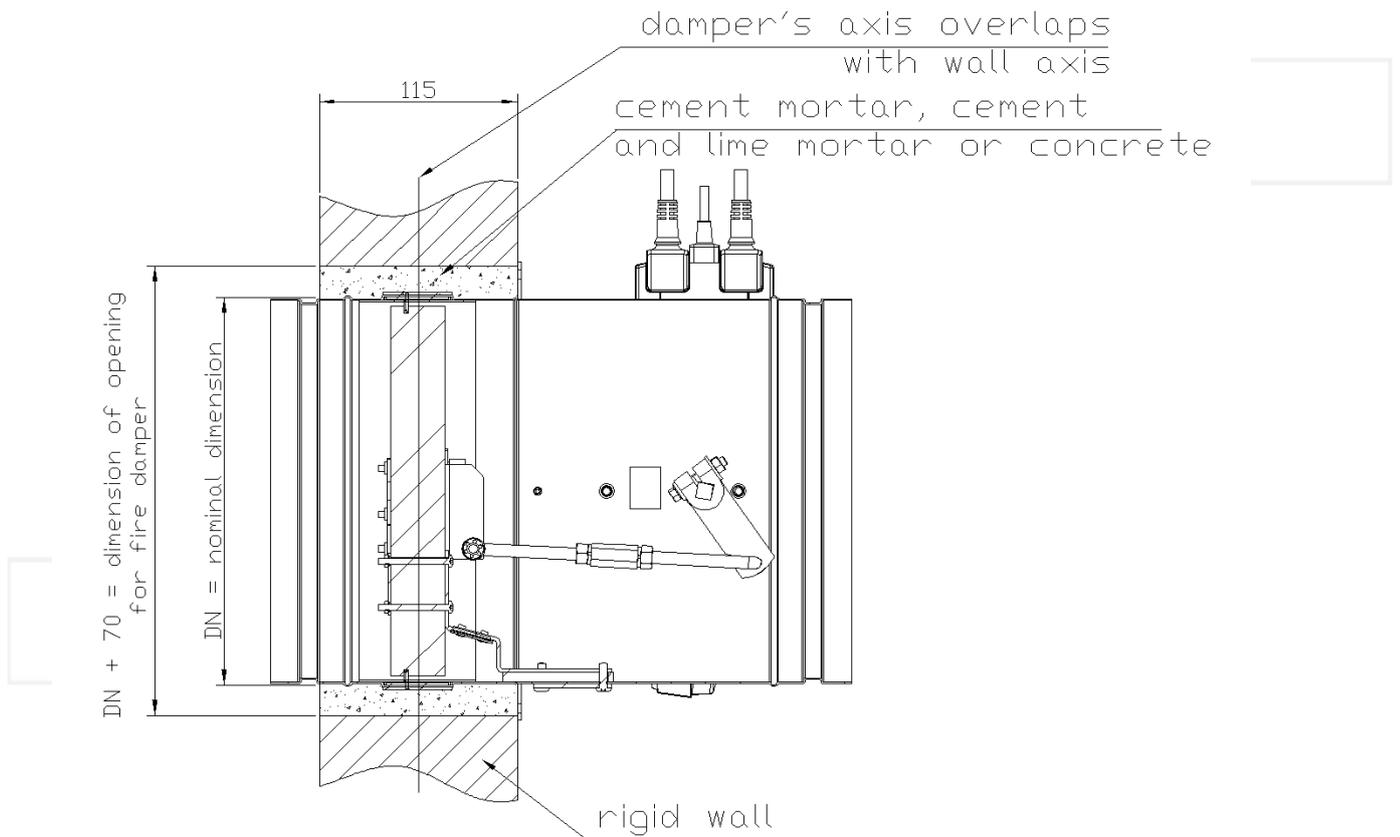


Figure 5. Installation of KTS-O in rigid wall construction with 115 [mm] wall thickness.

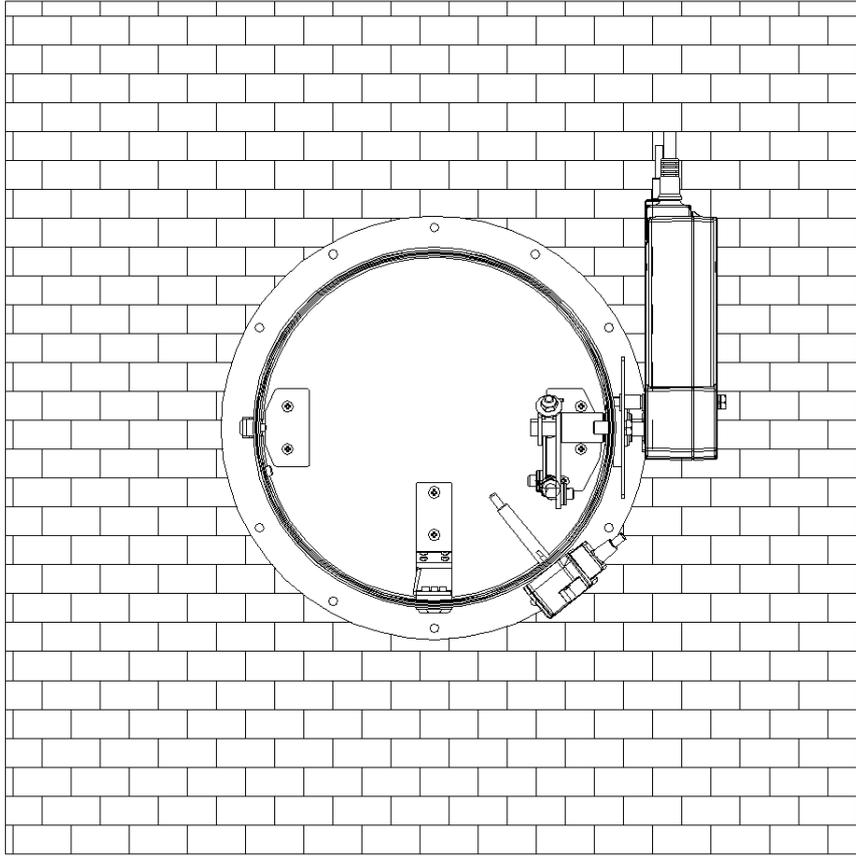


Figure 6. Installation of KTS-O in rigid wall construction with horizontal axis of rotation of the damper.

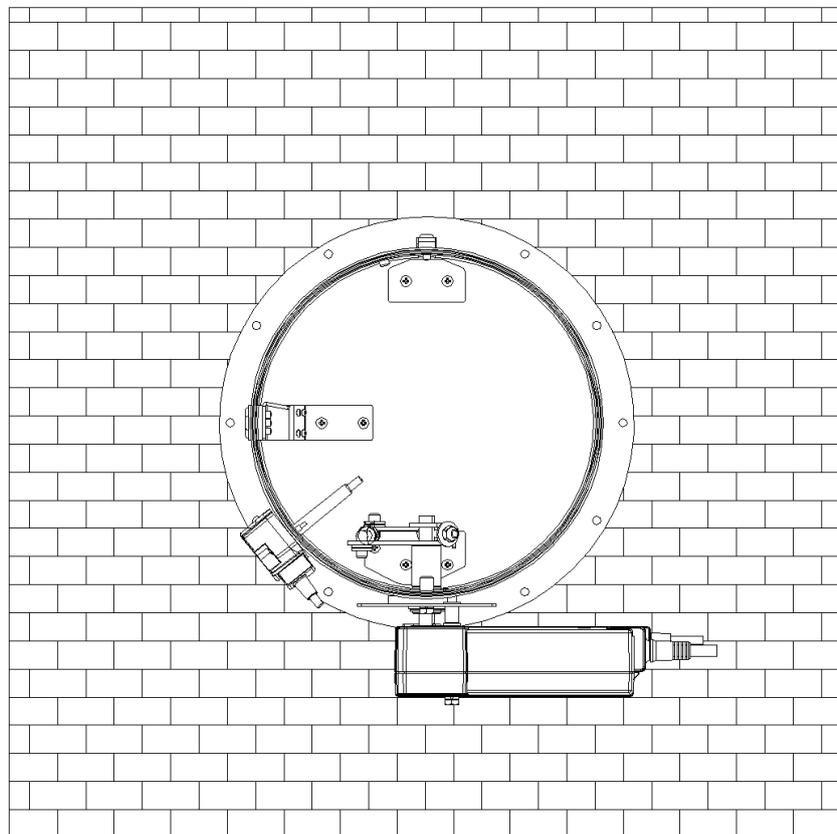


Figure 7. Installation of KTS-O in rigid wall construction with vertical axis of rotation of the damper.

7.2.2. INSTALLATION USING MINERAL WOOL

- Make an opening in the wall with the 70 [mm] (acceptable $60 \div 100$ [mm]) greater than the nominal dimensions of the fire damper: $B=DN+70$ and $H=DN+70$.
- Put the closed fire damper into the installation opening and support or suspend, in this way that an axis of the fire baffle matches the axis of the wall, and ensure a concentricity of fire damper and installation opening.
- After setting the fire damper as described, fill the gap between the fire damper and the wall with non-flammable mineral wool of high density, 100 kg/m^3 or more.
- Seal the place of filling with mineral wool using the sealing compounds Hilti Firestop Coating CP 673, Promastop-CC, Promaseal-Mastic or Soudal Firesilicone B1 FR.
- Mount collar, both side of wall, made of GKF boards, 12,5 mm thick measuring $B \times H=DN+370 \times DN+370$ using screws (with a cut hole for the damper). For easy assembly, the collar can be made of two parts.
- After mounting the collar, remove the supports or suspension, check the fire damper correct operation and leave it in open position.

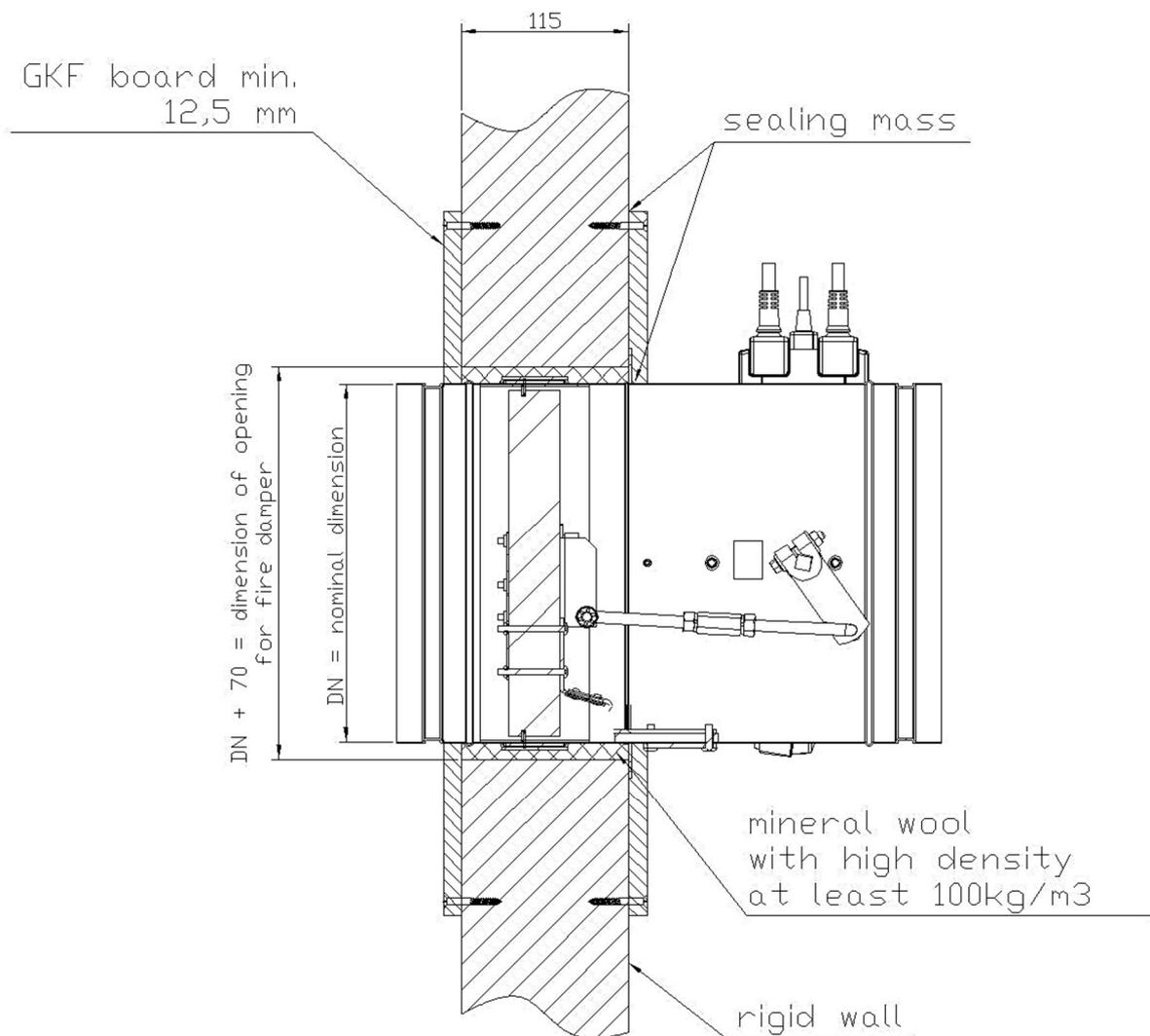


Figure 8. Installation of KTS-O fire dampers in rigid wall

7.3. INSTALLATION TECHNOLOGY – FLEXIBLE WALL

- Make an opening in the wall with the 70 [mm] (acceptable $60 \div 100$ [mm]) greater than the nominal dimensions of the fire damper: $B=DN+70$ and $H=DN+70$.
- Put the damper into the installation opening and support or suspend it in order to maintain correct position of the damper i.e. the damper embossing must be on boundary of the building, and installation opening axis must coincide with fire damper axis.
- After setting the fire damper as described, fill the gap between the fire damper and the wall with non-flammable mineral wool of high density, 100 kg/m³ or more.
- Seal the place of filling with mineral wool using the sealing compounds: Hilti Firestop Coating CP 673, Promastop-CC, Promaseal-Mastic or Soudal Firesilicone B1 FR.
- Mount collar, both side of wall, made of GKF boards, 12,5 [mm] thick and $DN+ 350$ [mm] wide, using screws (with the hole for the damper cutted out). For easy assembly, the collar can be made of two parts.
- After mounting the collar, remove the supports or suspensions, check the fire damper correct operation and leave it in open position.

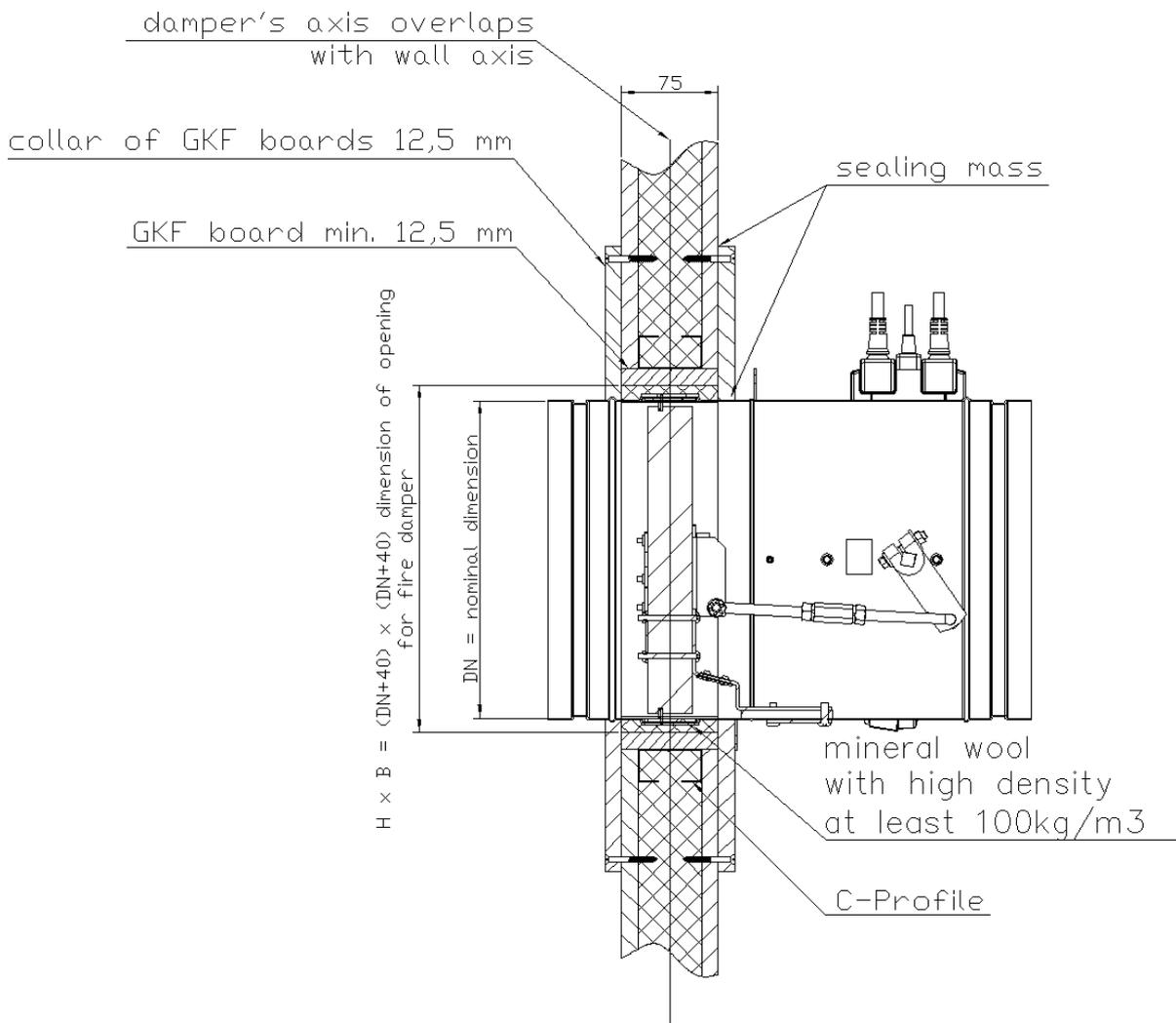


Figure 9. Installation of KTS-O in flexible wall construction with 75 [mm] thickness

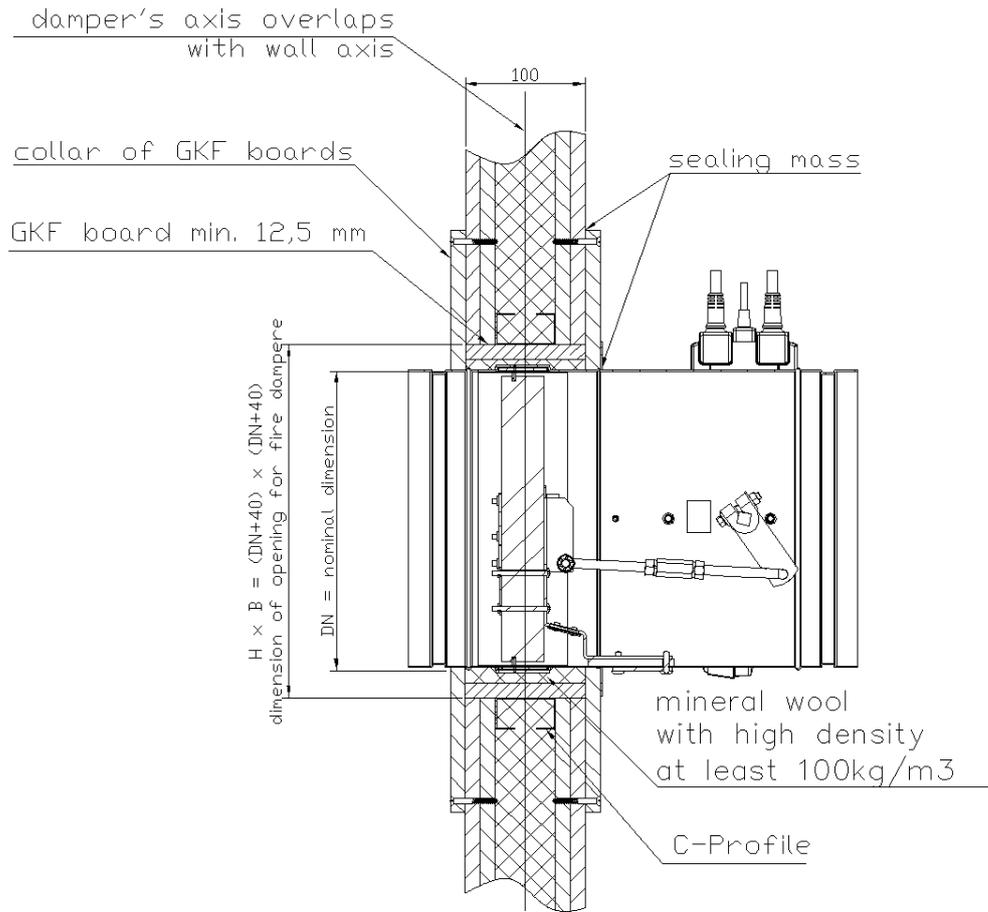


Figure 10. Installation method of fire dampers KTS-O in flexible wall with 100 mm thickness

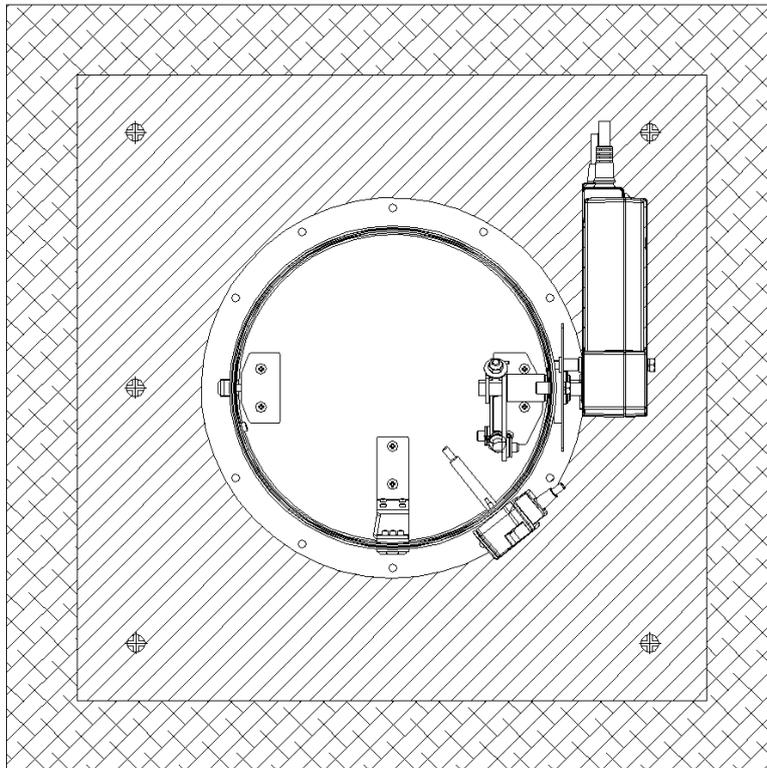


Figure 11. Installation method of fire dampers KTS-O in flexible wall with horizontal rotation axis of baffle

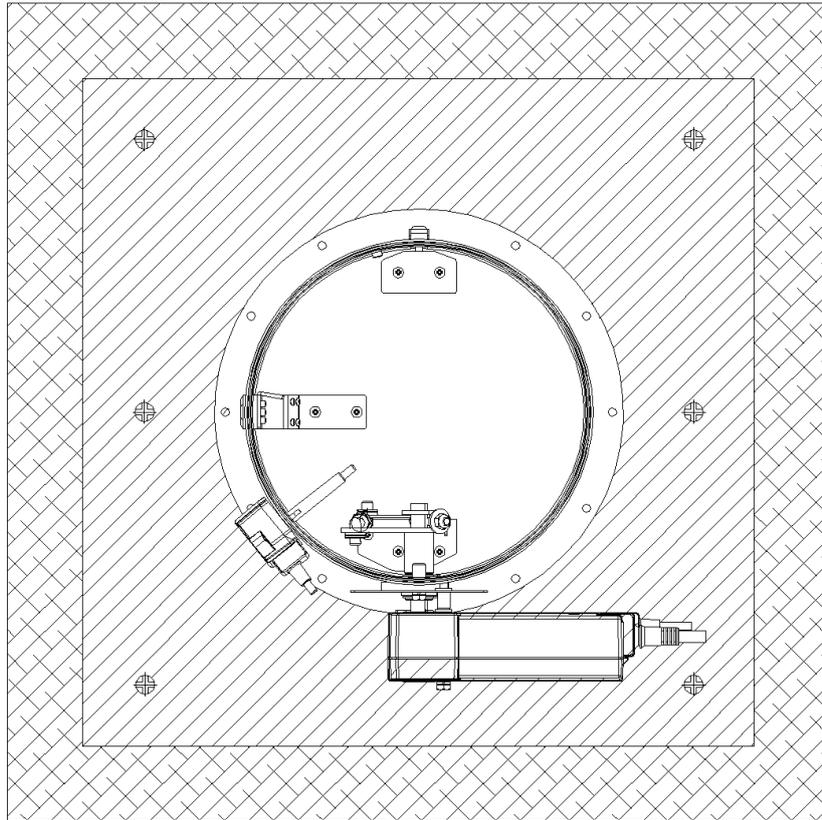


Figure 12. Installation method of fire dampers KTS-O in flexible wall with vertical rotation axis of baffle

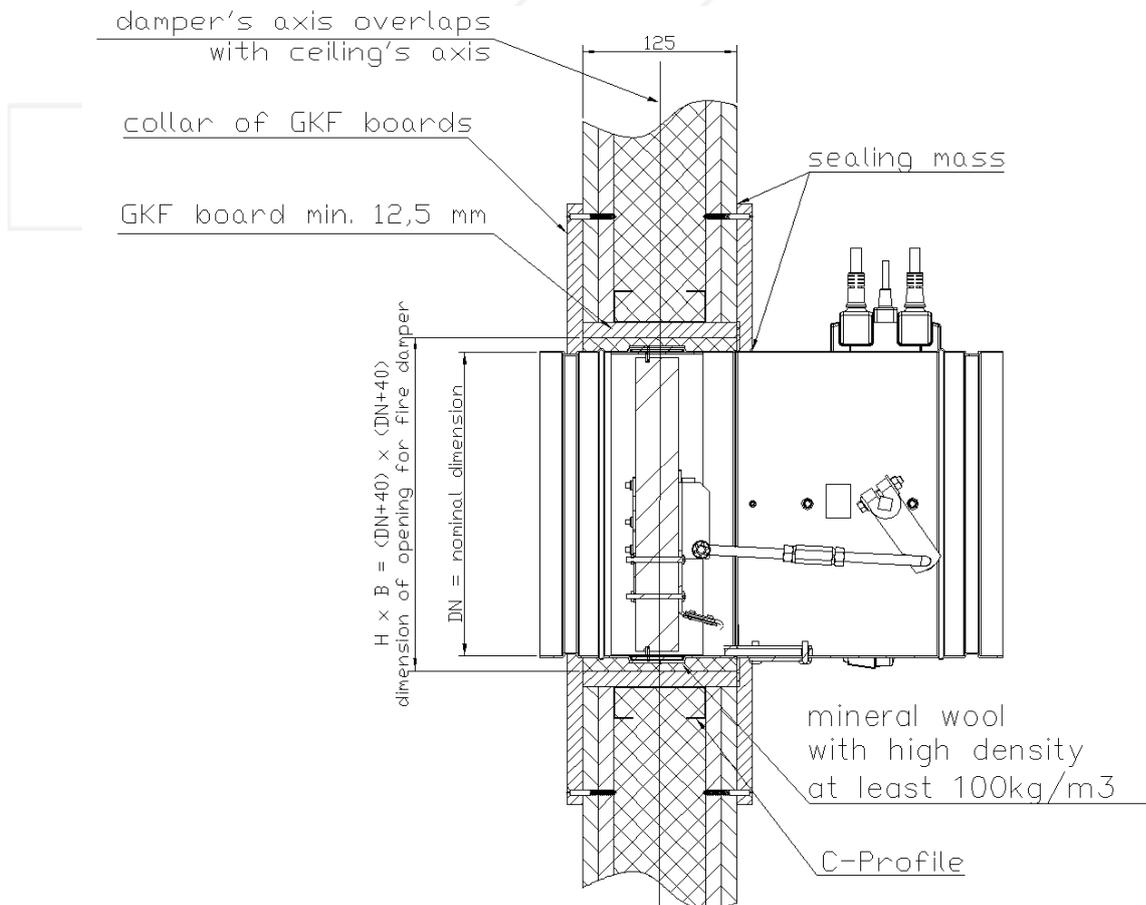


Figure 13. Installation method of fire dampers KTS-O in flexible wall with 125 [mm] thickness

7.4. INSTALLATION TECHNOLOGY – HIGH WALL THICKNESS CONSTRUCTION

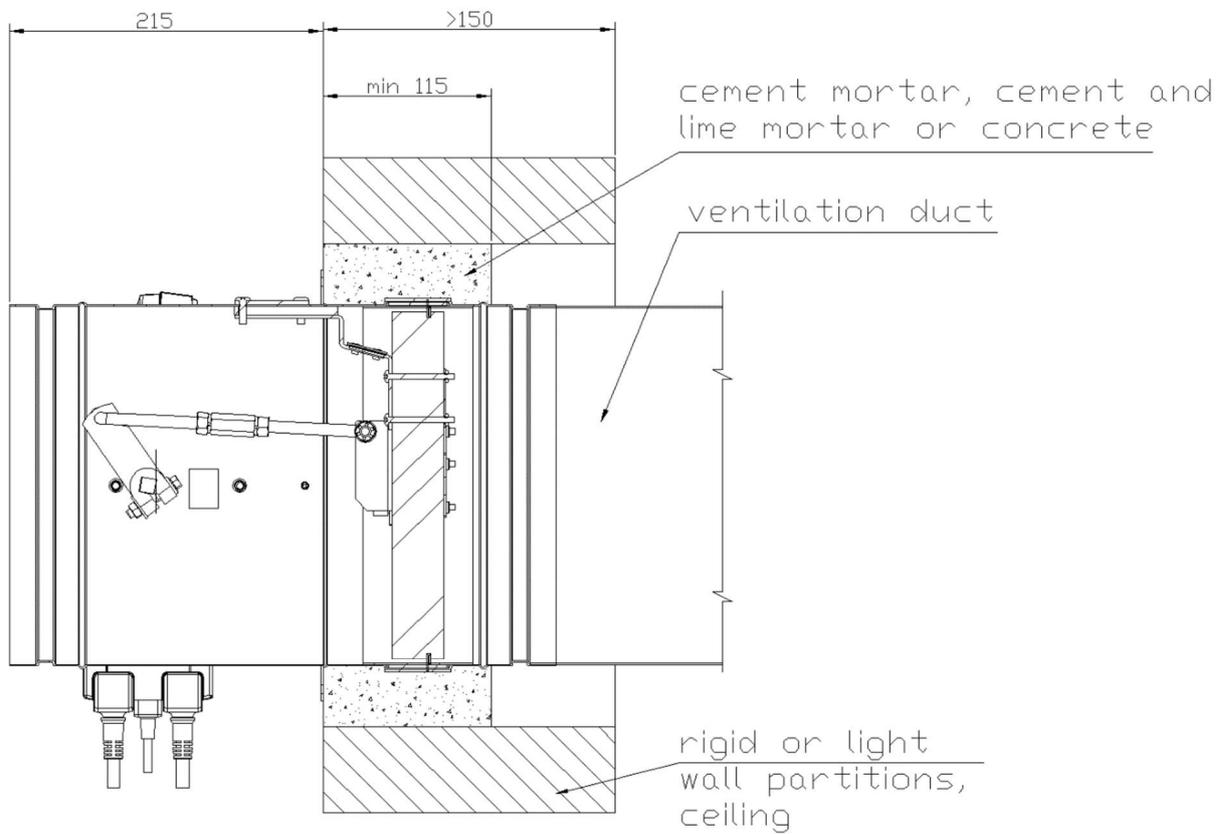


Figure 14. Installation method of fire dampers KTS-O in high wall thickness constructions

In rigid and flexible wall construction and in ceiling with thickness less or equal to 150 [mm], KTS-O fire dampers are mounted in such a way that the damper installation limit, i.e. 52 [mm], is maintained and the damper embossing must be on boundary of the building.

Whereas in case of walls and ceilings with thickness higher than 150 [mm]: the KTS-O fire dampers are mounted in such a way, that the damper installation limit i.e. 215 [mm], is maintained and the damper flange must be on boundary of the building (as in figure 14).

7.5. INSTALLATION TECHNOLOGY – INSTALLATION AWAY FROM WALL CONSTRUCTION

- Make an opening in the wall with the dimensions 100 [mm] greater than the nominal dimensions of the fire damper, i.e. DN+100.
- Push the ventilation duct into the installation opening and support or suspend it so that the channel and opening alignment are maintained.
- Mount the damper to ventilation duct, additionally support or suspend it.
- On the mineral wool coverage section, apply 1 [mm] PROMASTOP CC (made by PROMAT) layer.
- The PROMASTOP CC layer has to be applied on fire barrier in the place where the wool was sealed on both sides, with a size about DN + 300.
- Wrap the ventilation duct and the damper at the appropriate length of mineral wool with high density at least 100 kg/m³.
- When the mineral wool is mounted, check correct functionality of the damper, then leave it in the open position.

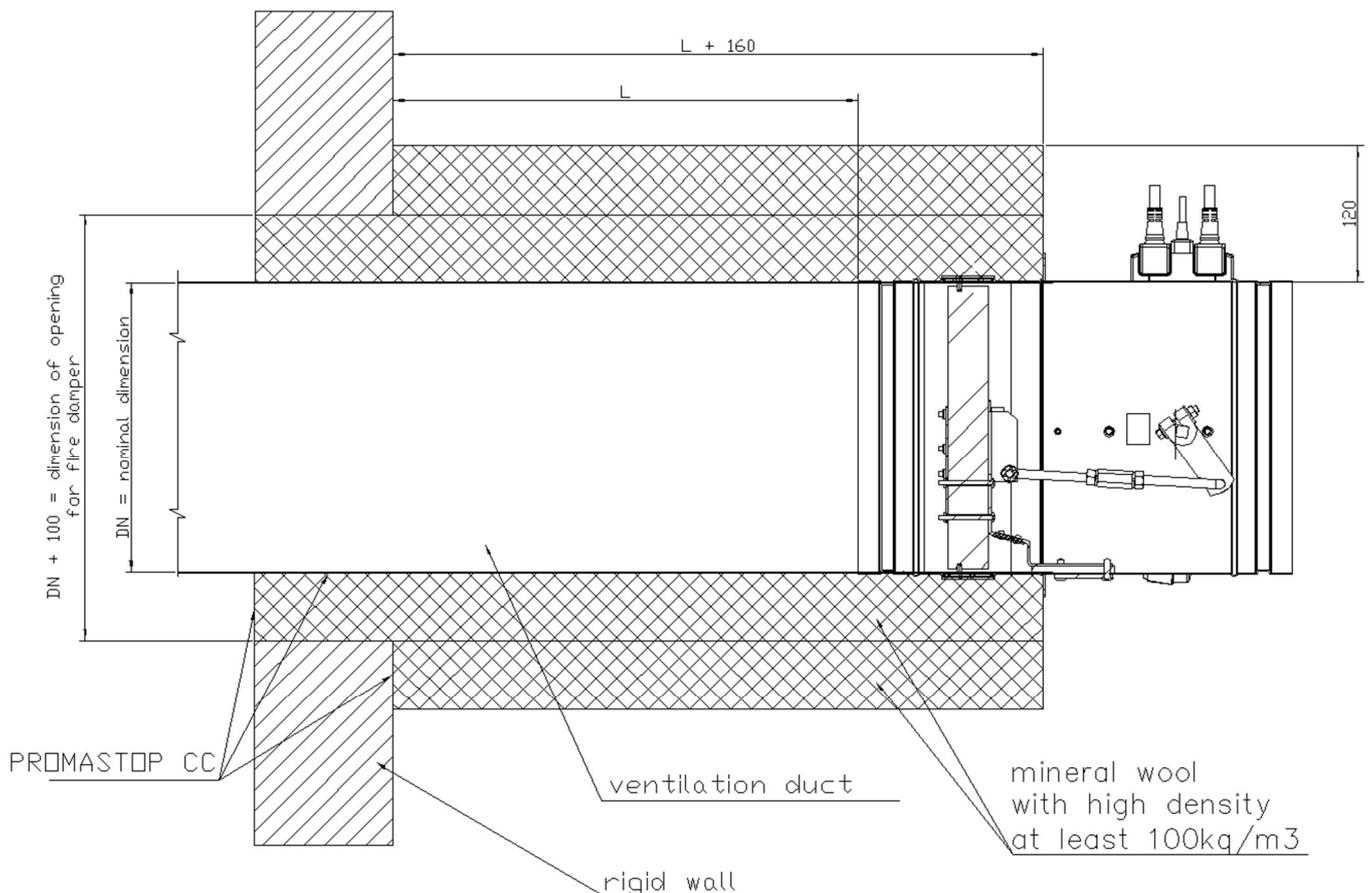


Figure 15. Installation method of fire dampers KTS-O away from wall constructions

8. PRINCIPLE OF MAINTENANCE

Before started any operation and maintenance works it is recommended to read this documentation. This responsibility falls mostly on workers which will operate device/systems during operation and service works. In case of lack of trained personnel (which have specific technical skills) service works should be made by SMAY Service or SMAY Authorized service.

Damage to the KTS-O damper resulting from non-compliance with the guidelines included in this documentation, will not be subject to warranty repairs.

Exchange and modification of device components can be done, just by SMAY Service or SMAY Authorized service (does not apply to exchange thermal fuse).

Factory sealed elements, should have undamaged, original seals, installed by SMAY Service or SMAY Authorized service.

After installation of the KTS-O fire damper, when running the system, it is recommended to carry out regular checks and record them as shown in table below. It is recommended to repeat checks at intervals or at least once every 6 months.

Table 3. Recommended checks

| Fire damper type | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Control date | |
| Check actuator wiring condition, if doesn` t damaged | |
| Check limit switch wiring condition, if doesn` t damaged | |
| Check cleanliness in fire damper, clean if necessary | |
| Check baffle and seal condition, if necessary report a problem | |
| Confirm correct operation of safe shutdown of the fire damper, if necessary report a problem | |
| Confirm correct operation of the fire damper when OPEN and CLOSE, using the control system and physical observation | |
| Confirm correct operation of limit switches in OPEN and CLOSED positions, if necessary report a problem | |
| Confirm that the fire damper meets its function as a part of the control system | |
| Confirm that the fire damper remains its working position | |
| ATTENTION: Fire dampers are usually part of ventilation system. In this case, the entire system should be checked according to the operating and maintenance requirements. | |

In order to check the proper functioning of fire damper, in particular:

KTS-O-E fire damper:

- a. Make a visual inspection of the interior of fire damper, determine the condition of the baffle and seal, whether there are no damage or dirt that could block the fire baffle during closing.
- b. Check the fire damper without disconnecting the supply voltage from the actuator
- c. The opening and closing test should be carried out by positioning the baffle from control system („open” and „closed” position read on the position indicator located on the actuator).
- d. After doing the above, leave the fire damper in the open position.
- e. Make a control protocol.

KTS-O-S fire damper:

- a. Make a visual inspection of the interior of fire damper, determine the condition of the baffle and seal, whether there are no damage or dirt that could block the fire baffle during closing.
- b. Check the wiring of the limit switches
- c. Close the damper by pulling the manual release. The damper has to close freely after pulling release. Check if the baffle is stationary. If the baffle do not close properly, regulate its closed by stretching the drive spring to next gap of spring mechanism.
- d. After doing the above, move the baffle several times by a key, which should be put on axis. In this way, check that the baffle moves smoothly and without jumps.
- e. After doing the above, leave the fire damper in the open position
- f. Make a control protocol.

In the housing of fire damper there is an inspection opening, which enables making an inspection and checking the condition of the drive system. inspection opening is sealed by ceramic gasket and it is installed by M5x16 screws.



Figure 16. Inspection opening in KTS-O damper

Fire damper can be cleaned with a dry or damp cloth. Dirt and other pollution can be cleaned with generally available cleaners. Do not use aggressive, caustic cleaners and sharp tools.

Replacing the thermal fuse element in KTS-O-S

Exchange must be performer on the closed position.

To replace the thermal fuse element:

- a. Release the spring **7** from the spring mechanism plate **1**.
- b. Unscrew the bolt **14** and pull out the entire thermal fuse element. The assembly of these elements consists of a thermal fuse element **16**, hook **6**, console **5**, washer **7**, release spring **9**, nut M8 **12**, round nut **8**, thermal fuse plate **13**. To replace the thermal fuse, press the hook **6** towards to the nut and put into console. When you put the thermal fuse, release the hook and push the lever of hand mechanism.
- c. Install the assembly of thermal fuse with the bolt **14**.
- d. Pull the spring onto spring mechanism plate **1**.
- e. Open the fire damper and check that it opens and closes correctly after push the hand release lever **11**.

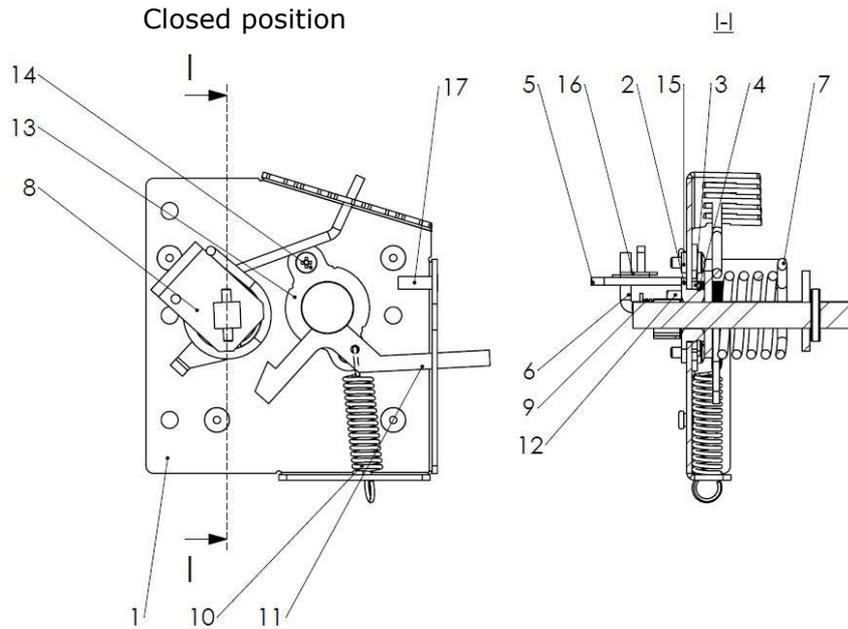


Figure 17. Spring mechanism – replacement of the thermal fuse element

Table 1. Diagnostic card

| Diagnostic card | | | |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| No. | Symptoms of malfunction | Causes of malfunction | How to remove malfunction |
| 1 | No signaling opening/closing fire damper | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Failure to fully open the baffle (wrong connected ventilation duct) 2. Improperly connected wires of limit switch 3. Damaged actuator | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Removing the cause of blocking baffle 2. Correct wiring 3. Replacing the actuator with a new one (after consulting with fire damper`s manufacturer) |
| 2 | No actuator response after connecting power | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Damaged actuator 2. Damaged temperature sensor 3. Locked baffle | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replacing the actuator with a new one (after consulting with fire damper`s manufacturer) 2. Replacing the temperature sensor to a new one 3. Removing the cause of blocking baffle |
| 3 | No possibility of opening the fire damper with actuator by key | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Broken mechanism in the actuator (too rapid rotation) 2. Locked baffle | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Replacing the actuator with a new one (after consulting with fire damper`s manufacturer) 2. Removing the cause of blocking baffle |

9. TERMS OF WARRANTY

- a. The manufacturer provides guarantee for the delivered product for a period of 24 months from the date of sale or another period agreed in the contract. There is a possibility of extending the guarantee, provided that a separate Maintenance and Service Agreement is signed between the manufacturer and the owner/manager of the facility.
- b. The basis for complaint handling is to file a complaint within the warranty period, within 7 days of the defect being discovered. Make the product available in the state in which it appeared to be defective, together with a detailed description of the technical problem and documents confirming the performance of any inspection provided by the manufacturer and periodic maintenance.
- c. The manufacturer undertakes to remove the defect within 2 working days of receiving the notification. The manufacturer undertakes to remove the defect within 21 working days from the date of receipt of the application together with the complete set of documents, and in the case of necessity to bring in hard-to-reach materials or parts, the repair will be carried out within the shortest technically reasonable time.
- d. The warranty period is extended by the duration of the repair.
- e. The warranty is valid in the cases described in the OWG.
- f. OWG & OWS documents are available on the website www.smay.pl
- g. Above terms of warranty apply only in Poland.